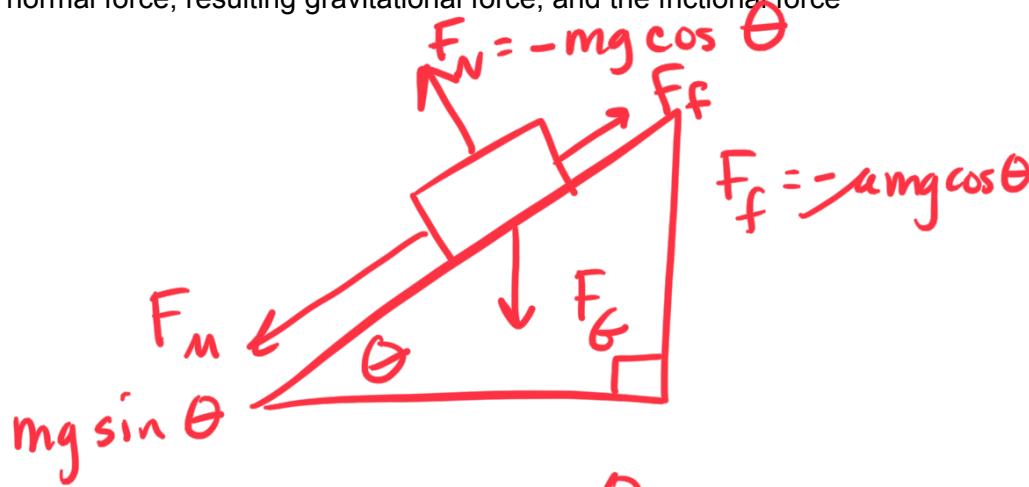


4.) (15 pts total) A 120 kg block is resting on a ~~frictionless~~ incline at an angle of 60° . Draw the corresponding free body diagram.

a) (10 pts) Find the normal force, resulting gravitational force, and the frictional force if $\mu = 0.245$.

$$F_N = -mg \cos \theta$$

$$-(120)(-9.8) \cos 60 = \boxed{588 \text{ N}}$$



$$F_f = -\mu mg \cos \theta$$

$$-(0.245)(120)(-9.8) \cos 60 = \boxed{144 \text{ N}}$$

$$F_n = mg \sin \theta$$

$$(120)(-9.8) \sin 60 = \boxed{-1018 \text{ N}}$$

b) (5 pts) Based on your diagram, will the block move down the incline. If so, what is its acceleration?

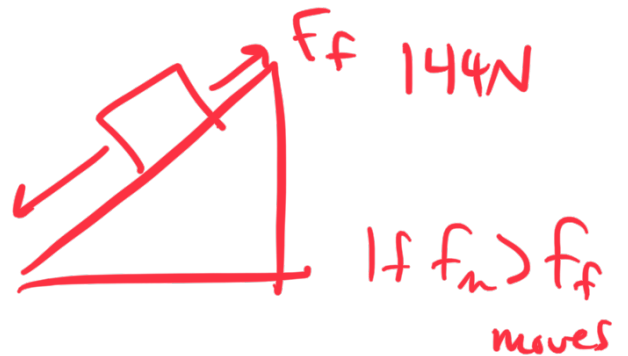
$$F_{\text{net}} = F_n + F_f$$

$$-1018 \text{ N} + 144 \text{ N}$$

$$-874 \text{ N} \quad \text{block moves}$$

$$F_n$$

$$-1018 \text{ N}$$



$$F = ma \quad a = \frac{F}{m} = \frac{-874 \text{ N}}{120 \text{ kg}} = \boxed{-7.3 \text{ m/s}^2}$$

- 5.) (10 pts) In a world without pain or injury, a 75 kg person is struck by a 4,350 kg automobile traveling 45 m/s. What is the resulting velocity of this cartoon person?

$$p = mv$$

$$\frac{m_1 v_1}{m_1} = \frac{m_2 v_2}{m_1}$$

$$v_1 = \frac{m_2 v_2}{m_1} = \frac{(4350 \text{ kg})(45 \text{ m/s})}{75 \text{ kg}} = \boxed{2610 \text{ m/s}}$$

- 6.) (5 pts) What is the impulse of a puck when struck by a hockey stick exerting a constant force of 5,500 N for 0.04 s?

$$I = F \cdot t$$

$$(5500 \text{ N})(0.04 \text{ s}) =$$

$$\boxed{220 \text{ kg m/s}}$$

~~(kg m/s²)~~

- 7.) (5 pts) Define both elastic and perfectly inelastic collisions. Highlights the two major differences between the two.

Elastic - momentum $\frac{1}{2}$ kinetic energy conserved

Perfectly inelastic - momentum conserved

8.) (10 pts) A 2,400 kg inflatable banana travelling at 96 m/s 30° above horizontal collides with a 3,500 kg Hello Kitty doll travelling 72 m/s 60° above horizontal. If the collision is perfectly inelastic, find the resulting velocity.

$x = r \cos \theta$
 $y = r \sin \theta$

(1)

	m_1		m_2
	$mv \cos \theta$		$mv \cos \theta$
X component	$(2400)(96) \cos 30$	+	$(3500)(72) \cos 60$
	199,532.3		-126,000
y component	$mv \sin \theta$		$mv \sin \theta$
	$(2400)(96) \sin 30$		$(3500)(72) \sin 60$
	115,200	+	218,238.4
total	$x: 73,532.3$		$y: 333,438.4$

total momentum

$$r = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$$

$$\sqrt{(73,532.3)^2 + (333,438.4)^2} = \boxed{341,450}$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1} \frac{y}{x} = \tan^{-1} \frac{333,438.4}{73,532.3} = 77.6^\circ$$

velocity = $\frac{\text{total momentum}}{m_1 + m_2} = \frac{341,450}{2400 + 3500} = \boxed{57.9 \text{ m/s}}$

- 9.) (10 pts) Stewart is also dragging a motionless... ummm... everything bagel. The bagel is tied 50° from the horizontal (on level ground) and is being pulled with a force of 230 N. If Stewart pulls this tasty bagel 2500 meters, how much work is he doing on the object?



$$W = F \cdot d$$

$$W = Fd \cos \theta \quad (230\text{N})(2500\text{m}) \cos 50^\circ$$

$369,603 \text{ J}$

10.) (10 pts total, 5 pts each) A particle moving in the xy plane undergoes a displacement $\Delta \mathbf{r} = (4.0\mathbf{i} + 5.0\mathbf{j})$ m as a constant force $\mathbf{F} = (2.0\mathbf{i} + 3.0\mathbf{j})$ N acts on the particle.

a) (5 pts) Calculate the magnitudes of the displacement and the force.

$$d: \langle 4.0\hat{i} + 5.0\hat{j} \rangle$$

$$F: \langle 2.0\hat{i} + 3.0\hat{j} \rangle$$

magnitude = r

$$r = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$$

$$|d| = \sqrt{(4)^2 + (5)^2}$$

$$\sqrt{16 + 25} = \boxed{\sqrt{41} \text{ m}}$$

$$|F| = \sqrt{(2)^2 + (3)^2}$$

$$\sqrt{4 + 9} = \boxed{\sqrt{13} \text{ N}}$$

b) (5 pts) Calculate the work done by F.

$$W = F \cdot d$$

$$d: \langle 4.0\hat{i} + 5.0\hat{j} \rangle$$

$$(F_x * d_x) + (F_y * d_y)$$

$$F: \langle 2.0\hat{i} + 3.0\hat{j} \rangle$$

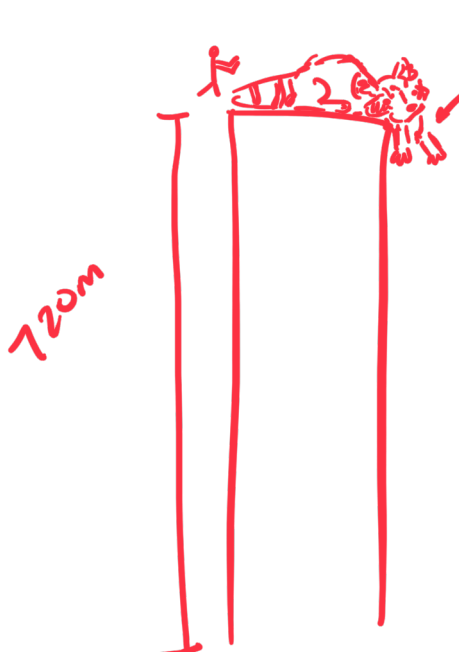
$$F \cdot d = \boxed{23 \text{ J}}$$

$$8 + 15 = 23$$

$$\theta = \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{F \cdot d}{|F||d|} \right) = \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{23}{(\sqrt{13})(\sqrt{41})} \right) = 4.97^\circ$$

$$\boxed{23 \text{ J}, 4.97^\circ}$$

- 11.) (10 pts) A 150 kg stuffed Tampo doll is pushed off of a 720 m building. Assuming no wind or air resistance, what is Tampo's velocity just prior to impact?



A hand-drawn diagram in red ink shows a tall, narrow rectangular building. On the left side, a vertical line with a double-headed arrow indicates the height, labeled "720m". On top of the building, a small figure of a person is pushing a large, stuffed animal (Tampo) off the edge. An arrow points from the doll towards the right, indicating its direction of fall.

$$\underline{PE} = \underline{mgh}$$

$$PE \rightarrow KE$$

$$mgh = \frac{1}{2}mv^2$$

$$2(gh) = \left(\frac{1}{2}v^2\right) \cdot 2$$

$$\sqrt{2gh} = \sqrt{v^2} \quad v = \sqrt{2gh}$$

$$KE = \frac{1}{2}mv^2$$

$$v = \sqrt{2(9.8)(720)}$$

$$= \boxed{118.79 \text{ m/s}}$$